

IN THREE ROUNDS.

Eddie Pierce Knocked Out by Dixon.

The Little Colored Champion Keeps His Laurels.

The New Yorker Clearly Over-matched by Him.

A Mishap at the Chicago Cycling Contest—Races on the Eastern Tracks—Ball Games of the National League.

CONEY ISLAND (N. Y.) Aug. 7.—(By the Associated Press) Never since the Coney Island Athletic Club commenced its nautical exhibitions has such a tremendous throng gathered at their arena as the Pierce-Dixon bout attracted this evening. Pierce is a great favorite in New York city, and his admirers came down in full force. It is estimated that between 8000 and 10,000 spectators witnessed the fight. Jim Corbett was given a great ovation when he and Manager Brady walked into the building. The majority of betting men favored Dixon, and gave liberal odds on him.

In certain races between Murphy and McBride was for a purse of \$1000. Both men showed considerable cleverness. McBride appeared to have the best of it up to the fourth round, when he drew blood, but Murphy immediately returned the compliment. It was give and take until the tenth round, when the referee gave the fight to McBride, as he was the fresher of the two.

At 9:20 Pierce and Dixon were given an ovation when they appeared in the ring, the former receiving the more applause. The purse was \$600, of which the loser received \$500. The seconds of Dixon were O'Rourke, Jack Haverlin and Morris Keay, while those of Pierce were, Dr. Courtney Norton, Con Kieran, Nick Dunn, John White and Sammy Kelley. The timekeepers were Mike Brush for Dixon and Jim Lavelle for Pierce. First round—Dixon led with his left, after a little feinting, and would strike in the end, revisiting the same spot. A clinch followed on the same spot. Another clinch followed, but they broke away, and Dixon smashed Pierce with his left and again with his right. Another clinch followed, but he was at a good stand in fighting, making Pierce break his hold.

Second round—After a short feint by Dixon, Pierce led heavily on Dixon's face, and ducked a right-hand deliverance. A clinch followed, with both men appearing to have the advantage. Dixon tried to land a right-hand, but was met and stopped cleverly.

Third round—Dixon started in for business and sent in a left and drove home. Then he followed up with a volley of rights and lefts that Pierce must have thought there was a shower of hands and arms. He became dazed, but tried to stand up. It was vain, and he sank to the floor and was counted out. It took nearly ten minutes for him to regain consciousness.

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The 2 1/3 trot (unfinished) Phoebe Wilkes won, Vic II. second, Hazel Wilkes third; best 2 1/2%.

Stake for two-year-olds, \$2000: Director's Flower, won, Chris Lange second; Queen Allah third; time 2:24%.

The 2 1/3 trot, Angelina won, Mistletoe R. second, Maud C. third; time 2:24%.

SARATOGA, Aug. 7.—Two-year-olds, selling 5 1/2 furlongs: Hampton won, McDonald second, Piethird; time 1:14.

Seven furlongs: Rival won, Henry Young second, Logan third; time 1:31.

Hudson stakes for two-year-olds, selling 5 furlongs: Buckrene won, Little Mat second, Fredericks third; time 1:04%.

Morriss stakes, selling, 1 1:16 miles: Syekton won, Shadow second, Stonemason third; time 1:50%.

Selling, 5 furlongs: Capt. Brown won, Almond second, Lively third; time 1:04%.

Two-year-olds, selling, 4 1/2 furlongs: Ed Kearney won, Blossom second, Mabel third; time 0:58.

MONTMOUTH PARK, Aug. 7.—The track was fast.

Six furlongs: Chesapeake won, Ramapo second, Will Tense third; time 1:18%.

Five furlongs: Equation won, Lochinvar second, Paraspang third; time 1:01%.

One mile: Nomad won, Mary Stone second, Kildeer third; time 1:44.

One mile: Kinglet won, Aloha second, Count third; time 1:41%.

Six furlongs: Key West won, Miss Maude second, May Win third; time 1:18.

Six furlongs: By Jove won, Bayard second, Accident third; time 1:14%.

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COLONIA WINS.

The English Yacht Queen Mab Takes Second Place.

GLENN COVE (L. I.) Aug. 7.—(By the Associated Press) The Commissioners cut the gift of Commodore Morgan's boat, named "Queen Mab," under the auspices of the New York Yacht Club. The race held unusual interest, from the fact that the gun defenders, Colgate and Vigilant, sailed a maiden

race and gave the public a large idea early in the season of the work of their sailors, and how the crafts compare in speed.

The Queen Mab took part in the race and attracted much attention, because of her recent rough voyage and almost miraculous escape from being wrecked while crossing the Atlantic, and the fact that she is the first large center-board racing yacht built in England for a number of years. Other contestants were the Lancer, Mayflower, Constellation, Dauntless, Ramona, Marguerite and Ariel.

The Colonia won the race and the Queen Mab was second. Time, 2 hours and 7 minutes. The distance was twenty-six miles.

SANGER'S TUMBLE.

The World's Wheeled Open Their Meeting at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—(By the Associated Press) The meeting of the wheelmen of the world began today at South Side Ball Park. There was an immense attendance of spectators and thousands of wheelmen, including nearly all of the famous cyclers.

The first event, the one-mile novice race, was won by P. Van Boeckel; time 2:34 5.

Zimmerman won the third of a mile handicap, winning easily in 0:44 3-5. J. Brown of Cleveland won the handicap in 1:04.

For the two-mile championship race, Sanger, Lumsden, Windle and Zimmerman contested.

Sanger and Zimmerman got off in the race, Zimmerman forced to the front and began a terrible struggle. Sanger was leading at the half, when his wheel hit the fence throwing him, and all of the others piled in a bunch on top of him, making a mass of broken wheels, and twisted wires from the sides. Some of the others extricated themselves. None of them were thought to be seriously injured.

Peter the Great.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Peter the Great, the California colt, it is announced today, has been sold to Albert Cook for \$15,000.

The animal finished a race in 1:06. The second of Dixon was Tom O'Rourke, Jack Haverlin and Morris Keay, while those of Pierce were, Dr. Courtney Norton, Con Kieran, Nick Dunn, John White and Sammy Kelley. The timekeepers were Mike Brush for Dixon and Jim Lavelle for Pierce.

First round—Dixon led with his left, after a little feinting, and would strike in the end, revisiting the same spot. A clinch followed on the same spot. Another clinch followed, but they broke away, and Dixon smashed Pierce with his left and again with his right. Another clinch followed, but he was at a good stand in fighting, making Pierce break his hold.

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WHIPPING THEM IN.

Exciting Times in the Commons.

The Report Stage of the Home-rule Measure.

Messengers are Sent Out for the Absent Members.

Cholera Epidemic Declining at Naples—The French Forgers Sentenced—The Governor of Buenos Ayres Resigns and Flees.

By Telegraph to The Times.

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VOLUME XXIV.

TWELFTH YEAR.

TERMS: By Mail, \$2 a year; by carrier 85 cents a month, or 25 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.50; 6 months, 75 cents.

Guaranteed Net Daily Circulation, July, 12,541 Copies

Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles' daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

A Universal Depression.

It is so difficult to obtain in the East at present that some of the banks are said to have paid as high as \$10 per thousand for it, and in some of the manufacturing districts of New England firms are issuing checks for small amounts, which circulate among the stores in place of gold, silver or greenbacks.

It certainly will not be claimed that because currency is so scarce it has gone out of the country. There is just as much money in the United States as there was a year ago, only the people have been hiding it in stockings and in safe deposit vaults. It is not alone appreciated gold which they have been taking out of circulation, but the much-despised silver and the convenient greenback.

This leads up to the idea which has occurred to many thinking men of late, that it is not reasonable to saddle the entire responsibility for the present financial depression, hard times and business failures in the United States upon silver or upon legislation, past or present by the United States Government, or by any other government, for or against silver. There are surely other and larger causes for these hard times which have been coming upon the world for two or three years past. The first notable instance of financial disaster was the collapse of the boom in the Argentine Republic, which was quickly followed by the embarrassment of Baring Bros., the great London bankers, who were only saved from going under by prompt and liberal assistance from the Bank of England, the Rothschilds and other great financial institutions of Europe, which evidently feared that if the Barings had gone under it would have precipitated a general crash, in which sound as well as rotten institutions would suffer, much in the same manner that the closing of the City Bank in Los Angeles tended to cause other banks to temporarily close their doors.

The next extensive outbreak of the financial epidemic was in Australia, where a big real estate boom, which had been in progress for several years, collapsed, creating general depression and throwing many thousands of people out of employment. Shortly afterwards came numerous failures of leading banks in Australia, with enormous liabilities. This caused general disaster in England, whence Australia, in common with the other British colonies, draws most of her funds.

Add to these facts a series of most unfortunate seasons for the farmers in Europe, with hay selling at \$50 a ton, and the smallest areas ever planted to wheat in Great Britain, and it is not surprising that in these days, when the business of the world is so intimately knitted together, the financial depression should, in due course, have worked its way around through the United States. Here it found a fat field. It is just twenty years since there began the last serious financial trouble in this country. During the intervening period speculation has reached a point which was hitherto never dreamt of. Games have been played on the stock markets, with millions of dollars as the stakes, where hundreds of thousands would have been thought big sums twenty years ago. The American laborer, too, is just beginning to realize what free trade may mean for him: that it places him in competition with the ill-paid and ignorant toilers of the Old World, and that the products of his labor must compete in the market with other products produced at half the cost of his own. The manufacturer who pays a dollar and a half a day cannot afford to sell as cheaply as the one who pays but a few pennies for the same work. So disaster will work all along the line of free trade. American capital and American labor will be crushed by the same merciless hand, until the American people come to their senses and demand the continuance of that protective policy upon which, for the past thirty years, they have thrived and increased. With the assurance of no vital change in the tariff, and the satisfactory settlement of the currency question, we shall see a revival of good times, and be able to dismiss the apprehensions of disaster that seem everywhere to have seized upon all classes of our people. But let Congress blunder—and there is danger of it—and the country may be compelled to go through a long period of hard times.

Some of the leading men of the Western States are now threatening to revenge themselves in case Congress does not restore silver to its old position. They say they will have the law giving bounties to manufacturers repealed and also build up money, commercial and manufacturing centers at Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, St. Louis, Chicago and San Francisco, withdrawing their trade and money reserve absolutely from the East. The building up of new centers may be all right, if they can do it, but to repeat such a bounty as that which is now paid on the manufacture of sugar would be for the West to cut its nose off to spite its face. Anyhow, this talk about revenge and all that sort of thing is a very small business, and unworthy of American statesmen at the close of the nineteenth century.

It is said that Congress is to be assailed by a vigorous and powerful Chinese lobby, which is ready to spend a large amount of money to secure a repeal of the Chinese Exclusion Act. There is no doubt that the Chinese are able and perfectly willing to expend a million or so in this manner, which is the usual method of securing legislation or official favors in the "Flowering Kingdom," but under the bright light which will beat down upon the present Congress, it will be very difficult for any Congressman to accept a bribe, even should he feel inclined to, and escape the lynx-eyed representatives of the public press. The Chinese Exclusion Act might be properly modified on the merits, but not by bribery.

The anti-silver men are the aggressors in the present House of Representatives, but the silver men are by means lagged in the defense. It is reported that they will make a stubborn fight, and contest the ground inch by inch. For the first time in many years partisan politics has to a great extent been sunk, in face of the great financial problem.

All of which goes to prove the truth of the old saying: "It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good." And, indeed, the whole country will benefit by a check being placed upon

The establishment of the rolling mill in Los Angeles, work upon the construction of which has been commenced, marks a new era in local manufacturing. Hitherto our efforts in this line have mainly been confined to the lighter branches of the industry. The mill will at first confine its work to utilizing scrap iron, which can be had around her in great abundance. The progress of this enterprise will be watched with great interest by Angelenos.

Walter J. Raymond, the land fraud, who has been giving Southern California a black eye in the East to the extent of life power, has at length been arrested at Dayton, O., by the Postal Department. As there are no less than 150 charges against him, the prospects are good that Mr. Raymond will do a long term in jail.

Steamships which have just crossed the Atlantic report a fog prevailing throughout the entire distance. This probably is an emanation from the minds of people in this country who have been trying to master the silver question.

It is now said that the Bering Sea arbitrators will decide in favor of this country. It is quite probable that one of the two rumors will prove true, unless the decision is in the nature of a compromise.

Diplomatic work is now proceeding between the rival factions in Congress in regard to the method in which the great contest is to be opened.

Grover doubtless appreciates the fact that it is "a condition, not a theory," which confronts him.

Bourke Cockran, late of Tammany, leads the forces of the goldites in the House.

GEN. A. G. WEISSERT.

Preparing for the Commander's Entertainment.

The Programme for the Public Reception This Evening—Meeting of the Committee of Arrangements Yesterday.

The Committee on Arrangements for the reception of Gen. A. G. Weissert, Commander-in-chief of the G.A.R., met at 9 a.m. yesterday in Col. L. W. Butler's office. Maj. A. W. Barrett officiated as chairman, while Capt. J. M. Guinn acted as secretary.

The committee appointed to secure a place for holding the reception reported that the Los Angeles Theater had been secured. The following programme was adopted for the exercises, which are to begin promptly at 8 o'clock this evening.

Music.

Address of welcome—Maj. George W. Merrill.

Response and address—Gen. A. G. Weissert.

Music.

Welcome on behalf of the citizens of Los Angeles—Hon. M. T. Allen.

Music.

An invitation was extended to the Mayor and City Council to attend the exercises.

The following named comrades of the G.A.R. were selected to act as a reception committee and escort to the commander-in-chief:

George E. Gard, past department commander; L. S. Butler, T. S. Hall, Charles Jenkins, J. S. Van Buskirk, Sam Kutz, N. Sherman, D. Samson, C. S. Fairbanks, John Roberts, W. H. Newell, G. Wiley Weis, J. M. Guinn, A. M. Thornton, E. P. Johnson, J. L. Skinner, E. K. Alexander, J. W. Hunt, J. C. Oliver, E. Bouton, H. G. Otis, L. E. Shuster, George H. Bonebrake, H. Z. Osborne, W. P. Wade, Fred J. Cressey, W. H. Smith, William Young, John Beardon, B. N. Smith, J. A. Donnell, George W. Merrill, W. H. Seaman, F. N. Marion, J. J. Walsh, H. H. Shoulters, W. H. McKeag, E. N. Hamilton, E. Munsey, E. W. Clark, D. Jones, H. V. Van Dusen, Charles Wickman and L. M. Brown.

Department and post department officers, presidents and past presidents of the W.R.C. were added to the committee.

The G.A.R. comrades of the Reception Committee are requested to meet at Hollenbeck this evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp to escort the commander-in-chief to the theater building.

A general invitation is extended to all soldiers and their families, to the members of the relief corps and citizens generally to attend the exercises.

The Committee on Arrangements will meet again at 9 o'clock this morning at Col. Butler's office. Members of the W.R.C. are requested to meet at the W.R.C. hall and be present.

The Mt. Lowe and Terminal Railway companies have tendered Gen. Weissert and party an excursion over their lines, and this invitation will if possible be taken advantage of on Wednesday forenoon. The general has promised to spend one day at the Soldiers' Home, and would have gone there yesterday had he not failed to catch the morning train from Santa Barbara, in consequence not arriving in this city 9:10 last evening. Today he goes to the home, and Wednesday afternoon he leaves for San Francisco.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

"Figgers" and "Figgers."

LORDSBURG, Aug. 7, 1893.—(To the Editor of The Times.) In your issue of this day's paper you state that making the earth the center of the universe, as the polar star is the limit of our vision, the visible universe embraces an aerial space with a diameter of 420,000,000,000.

I respectfully state that the above figures are a mistake or error. The diameter of the earth's orbit is about 900,000,000 miles, and its circumference would be 6,280,000,000,000 miles, of which the angle subtended by the parallel of a polar star is only decimal .007 part of a second of an arc, consequently its distance is over 288,000,000,000 miles.

Please make the correction, as it may interest some of your readers. Yours, very truly,

WILLIAM LORDAN.

(Think of the awful fix we would be in if the intelligent Compositor should drop a type.)

The Gay Old Don Juan Lothario of Azusa.

AZUSA, Aug. 7.—(To the Editor of The Times.) Have you discovered that our great "local statesman" as The Times would say, Henry C. Roberts is strictly "in it"? Have you heard his bovine roar on the current currency conundrum? Did you hear the noise of the crash when he broke into the Populist party? How brazenly did this bold-faced orator of the Azusa have left the Republican party and now lifts up his dulcet voice for silver. Did he learn nothing of the frailty of the white metal in Old Mexico? Did he know that famous K. T. and it is true that the fraky old coon tried to demonize and emasculate the literary reputation of the lady in black?

But "that is another story," as R. Kipps would say.

EAGLE EYE

UNCLE SAM'S PAPER.

The "Record"—A Congressional Daily.

Which is Issued for the Benefit of Congressmen.

The Way in Which Official "Copy" is Furnished to It.

Each Contributor is His Own Editor—The "Record" is in Fact Not a Record of What is Said in Congressional Debates.

Special Correspondence of The Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—On the 8th day of August, the paper will have another daily paper with the most distinguished list of contributors of any journal published in the United States. It will not be a new paper—only one that suspended publication last March when the Senate adjourned sine die after its special session. It is a rather irregular paper at all times. Some weeks it publishes seven editions, and some weeks only four or five. This is not because the editor is off on a lark somewhere, or incapacitated for work. It is a paper full of opinions—in fact, it contains little or nothing but the opinions of the editor. The editor represents the views of the paper. Its mission more distinctly than that of any other paper in the world perhaps is (not) to print the news.

This paper, which has just crossed the Atlantic report a fog prevailing throughout the entire distance. This probably is an emanation from the minds of people in this country who have been trying to master the silver question.

It is now said that the Bering Sea arbitrators will decide in favor of this country. It is quite probable that one of the two rumors will prove true, unless the decision is in the nature of a compromise.

WALTER J. RAYMOND, the land fraud, who has been giving Southern California a black eye in the East to the extent of life power, has at length been arrested at Dayton, O., by the Postal Department. As there are no less than 150 charges against him, the prospects are good that Mr. Raymond will do a long term in jail.

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FOR ASSAULT.

Why Hamilton Shot the Sheep-herders.

Some Points About the Railroad Land Cases.

Henry Farber, the Rape Fiend, Gets Twenty Years.

A Receiver Appointed to Take Charge of the Property of the S. M. Perry Company—Court Notes—New Suits.

Horatio K. Hamilton, the lean and lank mountaineer who took several shots at two French sheep-herders, Bernard Gauchou and Joseph Camon, on the morning of Sunday, June 25, was on trial yesterday in Department One for assault with a deadly weapon. The complainant, Dr. E. L. Pierce, a superior Judge of San Diego, will hold court in Department Six today, his place in San Diego being supplied by Judge McKinley, who will hear a particular case in which Judge Pierce is disquali- fied to sit.

Time for setting the cause of People vs. Edward Field, on second trial, was adjourned continued by Judge Smith yesterday, to August 14.

A complaint has been filed in a suit for divorce by Caroline S. Thompson against Paul Thompson.

Judge Ross yesterday filed an opinion in the case of the Bank of North America vs. Pfleiderer, holding that a ruling a demur- ger to the bill of complaint, which was interposed on the grounds of want of jurisdiction and that the action was barred by the statute of limitations.

New Suits.

Preliminary papers in the following new suits were filed with the County Clerk yesterday:

E. S. Burgoon vs. S. M. Perry Company; suit for \$614 for services rendered.

Allen P. Nichols, assignee of estate of Pomona Bank, vs. E. T. Palmer; suit for \$606.75.

Same vs. R. S. Day; suit on promissory note for \$355.62.

Dolores Blan- carde vs. Tracy Laundry Company; suit for \$5500 for personal injuries.

Susana M. Bernard et al. vs. city of Los Angeles; suit for injunction on im- provement of street.

Land and Water Company vs. Rehlow was yesterday signed in Department Six by Judge McKinley.

W. L. Pierce, superior Judge of San Diego, will hold court in Department Six today, his place in San Diego being supplied by Judge McKinley, who will hear a particular case in which Judge Pierce is disquali- fied to sit.

The cause of the corporation charged with assault with a deadly weapon was yesterday filed in Department One, on motion of the District Attorney.

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WALKER ESTATE.

Chances That a Compromise Will Be Effected.

Hon. P. B. McCabe of Tempe, Ariz., in the City for That Purpose—The Facts in This Celebrated Case.

Hon. P. B. McCabe of Tempe, Ariz., is a guest at the Nadeau, he having come in from the Territory upon business connected with the John B. Walker estate.

The case is the same one which attracted so much attention at one time, some years since, and is, in some respects, quite a little romance. John B. Walker was an old-timer in Arizona, and by a combination of good luck and good business management amassed property to the amount of perhaps a million and a half dollars. This, at least, is the estimated value of his estate, which is now in litigation.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LAND CASES.

Considerable interest is being taken in the numerous land cases which are embroiled under the title of the Southern Pacific Company vs. Araiza et al., are now pending in the District Court. The Araiza case, before Judge Ross, who is in the demur- ger to the complaint, was overruled, practically decides the rights of the railroad company to lands such as have been acquired by settlers under similar conditions. That is what is claimed. Mrs. Araiza, but it is not thought possible that some new features may be developed which will affect the ultimate findings in the case. If the application to have certain titles of land taken up separately, not being dependent upon the decision in the Araiza case, is not granted, it is probable that the defendants will allow the plaintiff to take its share of the land in advance of the court's determining the demur- ger and then immediately appeal to the Supreme Court. The application referred to has been taken under advisement by Judge Ross.

The decision rendered does not apply

to the 4,000,000 acres of land included in over-lapping grants, held by the Supreme Court last term to belong to the United States, and on the part of the defendants it is maintained that for many years past the Southern Pacific has decided that a railroad company obtains no right to indemnify land under a grant until such land is selected and it is shown to the satisfaction of the Interior Department that such land is required to supply a deficiency of land lost in the primary limits of the grant.

In the cases now at issue the railroad company claims the right to dispossess settlers of title on the ground that the only title of the land is that of the territory settled.

It is said that the Supreme Court has never decided otherwise than as above noted, but that such is the settled law in this country, and that the government patents to indemnify land which has not been claimed, have always been upheld. However, it is also admitted by the most learned lawyers in this city that the opinion delivered by Judge Field in a Northern Pacific case, is authority sufficient to support it. It is estimated that the quarter sections of land patented by the United States to settlers are affected by Judge Ross' decision.

GOT TWENTY YEARS.

When Judge Smith sentenced Henry J. Farber to twenty years imprisonment at San Quentin, yesterday morning, he undoubtedly provided for the safe keeping of the defendant, determined and cold-blooded criminal whose presence was ever inflicted on any community. Only recently has it come to light that the brutal assault upon Miss Cummings was but one of the cruelties of which the rape fiend is guilty. In Portland, some time ago, he shot a police officer under circumstances that could not by any means be deemed justifiable, and by his own admission on the witness stand, he has been three times convicted of that offense.

He played the part of injured innocent yesterday when called upon to stand up and receive sentence to perfect justice, protesting with many tears in his streaming eyes that he did not commit the assault for which he was convicted. On the day previous the defendant had coolly admitted that he expected to get about twenty-five years to those who knew this, his action in court was but a simple dodge. His tears and protestations were all in vain, however, for the court quickly silenced the demonstration and passed the sentence.

RECEIVED—APPOINTED.

Three arrivals were registered at the County Jail yesterday. Joseph Moon

was brought in from Pomona by Constable Gilbert. He was booked for ten days for disturbing the peace. Frank White was brought from the same place to serve the same number of days for vagrancy. One case of insanity was brought in from the city.

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SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

PASADENA.

City Council in Session—Much Business Transacted.

Action on the Railroad Rate Matter Postponed—The Paving Problem—Items of Local Interest—Persons and Brevities.

The City Council met in regular session at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. President Weed presided and all the trustees were present except Mr. McQuillin.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

All bills filed to date were referred to the Committee on Auditing and Finance without reading.

RAILROAD RATE MATTER.

The order of business was temporarily suspended to afford Attorney Gibbon of the Terminal road opportunity to submit the following report concerning the earnings and operating expenses of the Pasadena division of the road for the year ending June 30, 1893:

Commutation tickets sold 182,425; July, 61; August, 52; September, 67; October, 61; November, 70; December, 65; For 1892 January, 68; February, 59; March, 72; April, 61; May, 73; June, 66. Total, 792.

Passenger Freight, Total—

July, 1892, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

August, 1892, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

September, 1892, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

October, 1892, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

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May, 1893, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

June, 1893, \$1,699.25 \$18,02 \$3,520.35

Total, \$39,842.25 \$8,722.19 \$88,207.41

Total earnings of line, \$140,295.31; total expense of line, \$155,559.71; loss, \$15,664.40. Average expenses per month of Pasadena division, \$6200, or \$74,490 for the year, making the loss \$192,553 for the Pasadena division.

The report was submitted as an argument to show why the present passenger rates between Los Angeles and Pasadena should not be reduced. Mr. Gibbon pointed out that transportation Pasadena derived from the road, and thought that the city officials should not insist on a reduction in fares until the earnings equal the expenses. It was further pointed out that the road as now operated only passes over a portion of the ground covered by the franchise which regulates the rates, and he thought that a reduction of fares to the amount of \$10,000 or \$12,000 per annum is more than the city ought to ask for granting the road the privilege of operating over this narrow strip of territory.

Manager Burnett of the Terminal was present, and participated in the discussion. Manager K. H. Wade addressed the road, and the latter's request, he made at the last meeting, was granted on the question at issue, pointing out the large operating expenses of the road, and stating that it should receive sufficient encouragement to warrant it making permanent improvements in the way of iron bridges, etc. After the meeting, the bill was discussed at some length, it was, on motion, decided to postpone action for one week.

THE COMING HOLIDAY.

J. A. Buchanan addressed the board asking that it declare August 23, the day decided upon for giving a testimonial to Prof. Lowe, a public holiday and that it grant the fire department permission to participate in an exhibition drill as one of the features of the drill. W. T. Masters also addressed the board.

The board voted to accept the subject in behalf of the Board of Trade, which organization had approved the report of the committee on arrangements. He thought official action on the part of the board would end encouragement to the plan.

THE ROSE PAVEMENT.

The Gertrude C. Rose paving matter next came up for consideration. Mrs. Rose was represented by her husband, H. H. Rose, who brought forward the facts of the pavement which were detrimental to the character of the methods employed by the contractors. Mr. Rose's statements were backed up by W. B. Clapp, who had examined the pavement, who condemned it as a poor job from a civil engineer's standpoint. J. S. Torrance and Contractor McCombe also had a few words to say on the subject, which were supplemented by a report from Street Superintendent Brown in defense of the action taken by him and City Engineer Sedwick in approving the work. On motion action was postponed one week.

OTHER BUSINESS.

An ordinance was passed providing for a special election to be held on Saturday, August 25, when the proposition will be submitted to the people to decide whether or not the city shall come within the provisions of an act passed by the last Legislature which provides for the maintenance and care of shade trees on public thoroughfares and of hedges also for the eradication of certain weeds. An election is made necessary by section 33 of the act, which reads:

"The election shall apply to such municipalities as shall be within the election residing therein determining to come within its provisions."

There will be but one voting place, and that at the City Clerk's office in the City Hall on Union street.

An ordinance was passed changing the name of Old Fair Oaks avenue to Lincoln avenue.

The Committee on Auditing and Finance recommended the payment of bills to the amount of \$32,41. The early warrants ordered down.

J. S. Torrance addressed the board on the matter of the proposed street paving. He argued that the price at which the contract was awarded (\$3 cents per square foot) is too high, and that it has been deducted from the provision made to pay for the work in bonds. He said that the work ought to be done for 25 or 26 cents a foot. Mr. Torrance also suggested that there have been some errors made in the legal proceedings and that the whole affair has been conducted under a wrong law. No action was taken.

Specifications were adopted for a granite curb on the east side of Fair Oaks avenue, between Union and Colorado streets, and a resolution of injunction providing for such "work was passed.

Street Superintendent Brown reported that nineteen building permits had been issued during July. The report of the Auditor—Recorder Rose for April, and the reports of City Recorder, Rosister, Marshal Buchanan, the City Tax Collector and the Pound

Master for July were read and referred to the Finance Committee. City Clerk reported personal property collections for the months of May, June and July. The total assessed valuation of personal property not secured by real estate amounts to \$34,631. The tax on this at the rate of \$1.12 on every \$100 is \$3,835.60, with 14 cents over which has been collected.

Resolutions were passed, providing for iron culverts on Raymond and Fair Oaks avenues, across Colorado street, and specifications were adopted for the same.

A bid from W. O. Newcomb was opened to complete the laying of a cement sidewalk on the west side of Old Fair Oaks (now Lincoln) avenue at 10 cents per foot. On motion the contractor was awarded to Mr. Newcomb at this figure.

The meeting then adjourned.

THREE RUNAWAYS.

Several runaways occurred on Monday. In the morning a team attached to a heavy truck belonging to the Pasadena Transfer Company was made to run away by a small boy who brought his bicycle into unexpected company with the horses. There in turn collided with one of Bangham Bros.' wagons, and the result of it was a badly damaged wagon belonging to Bangham Bros., and a horse with a badly injured leg belonging to the transfer company.

A horse and a harnessed pony on East Colorado street numerous times until the sulky to which it was attached was badly battered up.

J. W. Fitzman's express wagon team ran away on East Colorado street. A telegraph pole stopped their onward flight. The wagon was badly damaged.

MURK MILL'S ENTERS A DENIAL.

The intimation was thrown out in these columns Monday morning that Alex Miller was actively aiding the Herald reporter in his vain efforts to throw discredit upon the actions of the City Council in the mortgage case concerning M. L. Gandy upon the actions of the City Council in the mortgage case concerning M. L. Gandy upon the

news of the death of George L. Hisom.

The latest advice is to deny that he was ever a man of this county whose death would cause deep regret among the citizens.

The coroner's inquest sat yesterday afternoon at the wharf Monday evening, and discharged with a verdict of "no cause" to the coroner's inquest.

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LAWYER GIBBS' OPINION.

Attorney G. A. Gibbs, when asked by the reporter on Monday to give his opinion relative to the city's compromise of the mortgage suit, said:

"As a lawyer, I have not inquired fully into the facts of the case, and so decline to give an opinion. As a citizen, however, I say that the compromise was altogether advisable. There was certainly a doubt as to the outcome of the question at issue, and in that case I am about convinced now that the compromise was a pretty good thing after all."

SAN BERNARDINO.

F. L. Jones and family have returned to Long Beach.

J. W. Scoville was reported to be sickly in Monday.

The coroner's inquest sat to Catalina on Monday for a week's stay.

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SAN BERNARDINO.

Details of the Drowning of George L. Hisom.

Committed Suicide While Delirious from Fever—A Despondent Blacksmith Ends His Life by Taking Poison.

The news of the death of George L. Hisom, who was reported to be delirious from fever, and committed suicide by taking poison, was received yesterday from San Bernardino.

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[City Council Record.] MUCH LOUD TALK.

A Breezy Scene in the City Council.
Heated Debate Over the Main Street Paving.

The Charge Made That Protestants Were Bought Off.

The Matter Finally Postponed for Another Week—A New Departure—Regular Municipal Routine Work.

The City Council met yesterday morning. There were present Councilmen Campbell, Innes, Nickell, Pessell, Rhodes, Strohm and President Teed.

Reports of the City Auditor, the City Clerk, the Water Overseer, the City Tax and License Collector, the Superintendent of Buildings and the City Inspectors were received and filed.

The report of the Zaniero for July gave the receipts for water sales at \$4354.30, and the expenditures as \$1220.18, including salaries. The report called attention to Zanja SE, where eight-inch pipes are connected without valve or gauge, ostensibly for domestic uses, but in reality for irrigation. Referred to the Zanja Committee.

On report of the City Clerk, the final ordinance for the grading of Brooklyn avenue between Bridge street and Evergreen avenue was passed.

The manager of the free labor bureau reported for the past week 125 applications received, and sixty-two approved.

A communication from the Street Superintendent recommended that the Zaniero be directed to furnish the department water to flush San Pedro street sewer at Ninth street, twice monthly. Adopted.

The same official also recommended that the proceedings for sidewalk paving of Olive street between Second and Third streets be abandoned, the work having already been done before passing the ordinance. Adopted.

HEALTH MATTERS. A communication from the Board of Health recommended that the district be sewered so that the County Hospital could connect with the sewer, referred to the Sewer Committee.

Another communication from the same body recommended that the salary of the clerk in the auditing office be raised to \$30 per month. Adopted, and the City Attorney instructed to prepare the necessary ordinance.

A NEW DEPARTURE. The following communication was read and referred to the Finance Committee:

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) Aug. 7. To the Honorable City Council of Los Angeles—Gentlemen: The undersigned have got out the Columbian edition of the Illustrated Herald. We are sure that it is the most artistic and best special publication in the interest of Los Angeles ever issued. We believe that it is universally admitted that the wide dissemination of this edition abroad will influence great many desirable people to settle here, and benefit the city in many ways.

We have concluded to mail free a number of the Illustrated Herald to every public library reading-room and Y.M.C.A. in the United States and Canada.

Under the circumstances we feel that the city, in her corporate capacity, ought to aid us in this great undertaking for the public good, and, therefore, pray that you will appropriate \$200 to this important object. Yours truly,

AYERS & LYNCH. This is a new departure, the first recorded case—where it has been proposed to use the public funds for the support of an unofficial publication, and the Council will have to "think again" before any money is voted for the object indicated.

The ordinance of intention to open Burlington avenue between Twelfth and Pico streets was referred to the Board of Public Works.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS. The special committee to whom was referred the matter presented by a committee from the Chamber of Commerce, asking a donation from the city for the purpose of entertaining the International Irrigation Congress, to be held in Los Angeles in the month of October, reported that it had been in consultation with a committee from the Chamber of Commerce, consisting of Messrs. Hazard, Stimson and Klocke, who recommended that the Chamber of Commerce had already spent a large sum for advertising. Owing to the fact that they were doing a great deal of good, and were being called upon at all times for entertainments, advertising and other purposes, it was thought proper, in view of the amount of good which the city would derive from this congress, to recommend that the city appropriate \$500 for the occasion, and that the City Attorney present the necessary ordinance. Adopted.

The Board of Public Works report was taken up, and the recommendation that the bid of W. H. Nichols at \$4.48 per linear foot for the improving of Soto street between First and Fourth streets be accepted, was first read.

Ex-Mayor Workman appeared and asked that this recommendation should not be adopted. He claimed that it was an exorbitant price.

On motion of Councilman Pessell it was ordered that the City Clerk should again advertise for bids for the work.

The Board of Public Works was adopted as read, including the recommendation for the sidewalkaling of the west side of Grand avenue between Seventh and Jefferson streets.

GAS AND LIGHTS. The Gas and Light Committee reported, recommending that the set of lights on the tall mast at Figueroa and Jefferson streets be discontinued, and the lights distributed to Figueroa and Jefferson streets, Thirtieth and Figueroa streets and on Jefferson street midways between Figueroa street and Wesley street. Adopted.

The report also stated: "We would report progress in the examination of the electric lighting of the city. Experts have been at work for some time, and will report to us in a short time." Filed.

The Supply Committee reported:

"We recommend that the requisitions from the Street Superintendent for 500 loads of gravel at 25 cent per load, and 4255 yards of gravel at a cost not to exceed 25 cents per yard, and also one from the Mayor's office for five volumes of Dredging's Codes, \$25, be referred to the Council without recommendation. Filed."

"We find that it is costing too much to purchase as soon as possible, gravel on Boyd street near San Pedro street. It was believed that this would be a cheaper method of getting the gravel than to get it from the city's pits."

The requisition was not allowed. The Supply Committee were allowed.

PROPERTY-OWNERS MUST PAY.

The demands were approved, with

the exception of one for advertising delinquent street improvement bonds. President Teed stated that the City Attorney had informed him that such advertising was to be paid by the holders of the bonds, and the demand accordingly referred back to the Finance Committee.

President Teed moved that the City Engineer present an ordinance of intention to pave the intersection of Washington and Figueroa streets according to specifications A. Adopted.

Afternoon Business.

At the afternoon session all the members were present except Munson. President Teed stated that Maj. A. W. Barrett had invited the Council to attend the reception to be given to Commander-in-chief Weisert of the G.A.R. at the Los Angeles Theater this evening.

Councilman Innes moved that the invitation be accepted, which motion was carried unanimously.

Councilman O'Neill moved that the Street Superintendent place the curbing of First street, between Boyle avenue and Evergreen avenue, grade also that the City Engineer ask that the tax sale for 1888, on the lot at the same corner of Fourth and Spring streets, be canceled on the payment of taxes thereon. Finance Committee.

From Mr. E. McCormick and others, asking that Lambie street be opened, between St. Paul and Albany streets, and that St. Paul be opened, from Lambie street to Alhambra avenue, Board of Public Works.

From Mrs. Mary Ballantyne, asking that an alleged erroneous tax sale be canceled. Finance Committee.

From Mr. E. J. Winslow, protesting against the signing of Grand avenue, between Seventh and Jefferson streets. Board of Public Works.

From F. Short and others, asking that Hancock street be graded, from Alhambra avenue to the Mission road, as well as on other portions. Board of Public Works.

From John J. Rubland and others, also protesting against the proposed sidewalkaling of Grand avenue. Board of Public Works.

A communication from M. Marquez stated that he would supply 125 tons of first-class barley hay at \$8 per ton, and the same quantity of second-class barley at \$7 per ton. Filed.

Another communication from M. Marquez stated that he would pay an annual rental of \$1500 for a renewal of the lease of reservoir No. 7 and the lands contiguous thereto. Zanja Committee.

From Mrs. A. C. Dean and others, asking to have Huntington avenue, between Ocean View and Union avenues, graded, graveled and curbed with redwood. Board of Public Works.

From John F. Smith, asking to have an obstruction removed from Third and Los Angeles streets. Board of Public Works.

From A. G. Bartlett and others, asking that a cement sidewalk be laid on Third and Fifth streets, where a walk has not already been laid. Board of Public Works.

From Mrs. M. A. Palmer and others, asking the Council take steps from the opening of Darwin avenue, from Hayes street to the Los Angeles River. Board of Public Works.

Licensed to Wed.

The following marriage licenses were issued at the office of the County Clerk yesterday:

Joe Dominguez, a native of California, aged 35 years, to Jesus Ellsala, of same nativity, aged 21 years; both residents of Los Nietos.

A. L. Eves, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 32 years, to M. E. Hawkins, a native of Illinois, aged 18 years; both residents of this city.

R. W. Wright, a native of Kansas, aged 11 years, to Mary M. Morrison, a native of California, aged 19 years; both residents of Downey.

Albert D. Park, a native of Massachusetts, aged 29 years, a resident of Needles, to Ida Mosley, a native of Illinois, aged 17 years, a resident of this city.

WORD comes from all quarters that the most and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

DEATH RECORD.

CUSTER—In this city, August 6, Frank W. Custer, aged 8 years 1 month and 3 days.

W. Custer, son of Frank W. Custer, will take place Tuesday, August 12, from his late residence, 1712 East First street, Knights of Pythias building.

FRAY—August 7. Henry T. Finney, from residence, corner Union Avenue and Orange streets, Tuesday, August 8, at 2 p.m.

HOTEL METROPOLIS, CATALINA ISLAND. Enlarged, fine orchestra, fishing, boating, bathing. For rates apply to J. M. Baker, manager, or 130 West Second street, Los Angeles.

LAWN TENNIS SHOES, any size, 65c. shoes on earth for boots and shoes. Joseph Bickel, 118 E. First street.

VISITING CARDS engraved. Langster, 24 West Second street. Tel. 761.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need by a pair, Best in the world.

\$5.00 \$3.00 \$2.50 \$2.00 FOR LADIES \$2.00 \$1.75 FOR BOYS \$1.75 FOR GENTLEMEN \$1.75 FOR MISSES

Genuine made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., ST. LOUIS, MO. and CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

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CITY BRIEFS

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Aug. 7.—A low level at the barometer registered 29.92, at 5 p.m., 29.86. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 59 deg. and 79 deg. Maximum temperature, 85 deg.; minimum temperature, 58 deg. character of weather, partly cloudy. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The "Library" delicacy, coffee, ice cream and confectionery parlors, just opened at No. 246 South Broadway, the new block on the east side of the street, is a veritable little gem of a place. It is fitted up with such taste, and is so clean and sweet and cosy, and the atmosphere so light and gay, that simply to look inside one's heart is to acquire an appetite. It is conducted by two most estimable ladies, who have hosts of friends, and will be a favorite place for shopkeepers who want luncheons or refreshments while down town. Gentlemen will also find it an unusually nice place to go for their midday luncheon. Remember it today and call.

The highest peaks of the Sierra Madre Range are reached only by the Mt. Lowe Railway, via Echo Mountain, up the most wonderful cable incline in the world, whence broad, safe bridle roads lead to the summit of Mt. Lowe.

Arrowhead Springs, the famous mountain resort of Southern California, is unsurpassed in natural resources and modern conveniences. City office, Counter's dry goods store.

Three Millions in it," the Gilded Age at Music Hall Theater, drew a good house. Only 10, 20 and 25 cents. All the week.

Owing to close times, in order to make bread and butter, one requires a clear head; that means Bellan's La Griffe Cire.

Visiting cards and invitations engraved and delivered in twenty-four hours at Kan-Koo, 110 South Spring street.

Now is the time to order fine clothing at ready-made prices. Joe Pohlein, the tailor, 145 S. Spring.

New Jewell vapor stoves and many other kinds. At A. B. Chapman's, 414 S. Spring.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware lumber, H. Bohman, 514 S. Spring.

Send your vacation on Wilson's Peak, Address C. S. Martin, Pasadena.

"The Unique" kid-glove house.

There is an undelivered telegram at the Western Union telegraph office for Mrs. Samuel Hauer.

The Union Rescue Mission for Chinese women will not hold meetings during August and September.

A concert will be given at Westlake Park by Goodwin Bros. orchestra tomorrow evening, 7.30.

The Boyle Heights Stars played an exciting game of ball with the Clippers Monday afternoon, and won by a score of 8 to 6.

Police Clerk J. F. Chambers reports for July the total collection of fines in the police courts to the amount of \$42. The record of June, 1892, Austin for the same period gives the amount of fines collected in his court as \$7.

The funeral of Mrs. Owen MacAfee was held from her late residence at 23 Lecourcure street, East Los Angeles, Sunday afternoon, and was largely attended. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Jenkins. The interment was in Evergreen Cemetery.

The country has been seen by the Y.M.C.A. Ocean Park Company for building a portion of the bathhouse \$250, on land opposite the depot at South Santa Monica. Immediately upon its completion a grand seaside excursion will be given, at reduced rates, over the Santa Fe line.

PERSONALS.

H. C. Limbrock and wife left for the East yesterday morning via the Santa Fe, to be absent several weeks.

Misses Emma and Augustine Berger and Miss Tessie L. Kelso left yesterday for ten days for fun and fishing at Avalon Home, Catalina.

Albert Bruce Joy, the eminent English sculptor, who has been in Los Angeles for the past two days, paid the Times office a visit last evening. Mr. Joy presented a letter of credit from Edward R. Russell, editor of the Liverpool Daily Post, and formerly M.P. for Glasgow, speaking of Mr. Joy as a distinguished sculptor, possessed of the very highest attributes that distinguish genius.

A Mother's Act.

Word received from Glendale, where Mrs. Schofield was killed by her runaway horse colliding with a Santa Fe train, is that her five-year-old son, who was with her, will live. The doctors trephined the child's skull and pronounced him out of danger. It appears now that when Mrs. Schofield saw that a collision was inevitable she threw the child out and he, though fracturing his skull upon a tie, was saved from being dashed against the locomotive and following his mother to the other world.

Wanted to "Lick" a Policeman.

W. M. Clune, a railroad man of constitutional disposition, was yesterday arrested in the Police Court upon a warrant, and at once arraigned. Clune was drunk on Saturday night and tried to pick a quarrel with Officer McKenzie, who was then off duty. Failing in his efforts to have a fight, he started in to thrash the policeman anyhow, and in this failed again. He was arrested as drunk, and was yesterday served with a warrant charging him with battery. His trial was set to come off on the 17th.

AYER'S Hair Vigor is cleanly, agreeable, beneficial and safe. It is the most elegant and the most economical of toilet preparations. By its use ladies can produce an almost growth of hair, causing it to become natural in color, lustre and texture.

Dentists.

D. Moody, Kate C. Moody, dentist, No. 22 South Spring street.

THE finest soda fountain you ever saw, and the finest soda drinks at Laxus', No. 142 South Spring street.

The coolest place for ice-cold drinks at Laxus'.

ZORZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER is universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve skin complexion, eradicate tan, &c., & all skin diseases.

LANTERN SLIDES blue prints, blue paper for architects. Bertrand, 356 S. Main.

NEW AND OLD BOOKS, magazines, etc. Book Exchange, cor. Second and Main streets.

CONRADI for the watch repairing, 13 N. Spring, corner Franklin.

WE TAKE pleasure in announcing that we are now fully prepared to do all kinds of glass beveling, and manufacture all kinds of French plate mirrors. Old and damaged mirrors resilvered. All work guaranteed. H. Raphael & Co., 438 and 440 S. Spring.

W. B. TULLIS, watchmaker, 40 S. Spring.

STAMPING and pinning done at short notice. Buttons made and tailor buttons made to order. Zimmerman, No. 123 South Broadway.

Nervous headaches promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 10 cts.

BEECHAM'S pills with a drink of water mornings.

ITCHING of the scalp is a disease. Van Haren's Quinine Hair Tonic cures it.

A STORMY SESSION.

A Wordy War in the M. E. Conference.

The Santa Monica Camp-meeting Proposition.

Gives Rise to a Decidedly Heated Debate.

It is Finally Accepted by a Close Vote, and the Necessary Resolutions Passed—Several Ministers Declare Themselves.

An adjourned meeting of the Los Angeles District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held yesterday afternoon at the First Methodist Episcopal Church in this city, and was largely attended. The gathering of brethren in the ministry was with a view to taking action in regard to establishing a summer home at South Santa Monica for camp-meeting purposes, and the excitement ran high. The contingent from Long Beach, at which place the Methodist summer camp is now held, was well represented. Rev. George W. White, presiding elder of the district, as chairman of the conference, was taxed to keep the eminently respectable members from coming to wordy war, and, although the afternoon battle raged with unabated energy from 1:30 till nearly 6 o'clock, the numerous participants, the great majority of whom are white-haired and venerable, came out of the contest unruled, and wended their several ways homeward, smiling and serene.

Rev. Mr. Larkin was appointed secretary, and Dr. Day took charge of the Y.M.C.A.'s proposition, and the excitement ran high. The discussion that ensued was heated and lengthy. The entire battery of force that exhorted know so well how to use was poured out unsparingly, and the conflict lasted fully three hours. During that time the Santa Fe's proposition, and the Y.M.C.A.'s offer, and the deplorable condition of Santa Monica as the "dumping ground of unchristianized humanity," and the "wrecking" of Long Beach consequent upon the Methodists removing their present camp-meeting from there, were tossed back and forth with not particularly gentle handling.

The Methodists did not want their interests merged with those of the Y.M.C.A.'s. They favored finding out definitely what the Santa Fe company would do, and when that company went back on its proposition, there would be plenty of time to join issue with some one else. The Young Men's Christian Association had made its offer in good faith, and did not like the "financial" cast construed against it, and Mr. Day retreated to the background.

The Long Beach representative, A. F. Pomeroy, secretary of the land and water company, grew excited and charged the district conference with breaking faith with that resort and not acting as Christian business men should act.

Valueable property had been donated by the land and water company to the camp-meeting, from which valuable lots have been sold, and the company is still holding land. Now it wants to go and build up another.

Upon this construction of the purpose of the meeting many members spoke hotly. It was valiantly declared to be not the purpose to break faith with Long Beach. But it seemed that Santa Monica a providential opening was offered to do the Lord's work. There was an opportunity for the Methodist hosts to plant their guns there; it seemed as though God had opened up a providential way. Should they let it go by? Santa Monica was represented.

Mr. Day stated explicitly that he had no further interest in presenting this letter than to represent his company.

But it proved a torch to gunpowder. The discussion that ensued was heated and lengthy. The entire battery of force that exhorted know so well how to use was poured out unsparingly, and the conflict lasted fully three hours.

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Upon this construction of the purpose of the meeting many members spoke hotly. It was valiantly declared to be not the purpose to break faith with Long Beach. But it seemed that Santa Monica a providential opening was offered to do the Lord's work. There was an opportunity for the Methodist hosts to plant their guns there; it seemed as though God had opened up a providential way. Should they let it go by? Santa Monica was represented.

Mr. Day stated explicitly that he had no further interest in presenting this letter than to represent his company.

But it proved a torch to gunpowder. The discussion that ensued was heated and lengthy. The entire battery of force that exhorted know so well how to use was poured out unsparingly, and the conflict lasted fully three hours.

During that time the Santa Fe's proposition, and the Y.M.C.A.'s offer, and the deplorable condition of Santa Monica as the "dumping ground of unchristianized humanity," and the "wrecking" of Long Beach consequent upon the Methodists removing their present camp-meeting from there, were tossed back and forth with not particularly gentle handling.

The Methodists did not want their interests merged with those of the Y.M.C.A.'s. They favored finding out definitely what the Santa Fe company would do, and when that company went back on its proposition, there would be plenty of time to join issue with some one else. The Young Men's Christian Association had made its offer in good faith, and did not like the "financial" cast construed against it, and Mr. Day retreated to the background.

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